FIRST EDITION

THE FILIBUSTERS.

The Camp at Hoboken Broken Un-Details of the Capture of the Men-Ryan's Flight. From the N. Y. Times of to-day.

From every direction reports arrive of fresh sasters to the Cuban fillbustering movement which originated in this city. The latest reverse which the patriots have met with occurred on Monday evening at West Hoboken, where a camp of filibusters existed, having been established there on Monday morning. The camp consisted of an old and unfrequented dwelling house, situated on the Weaverton road and within a

few hundred yards of Shipney's floral park on the Hackensack river. The distance from Hoboken proper was about four miles. It was a very good hiding-place and was apparently in little danger of being discovered. At 9 o'clock on Monday night, however, a force of eventy-five marines, under command of a major, and fourteen sallors commanded by two ensigns, embarked on board of a steamtng at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, bound for the locality mentioned. They had instructions from Admiral Godon to aid Marshal Barlow in disbanding the camp and arresting the fill-busters. The naval detachment landed at the Elysian Fields, and was met by Marshal Barlow and several of his deputies. Orders were then given to have the force proceed against the After a tramp of three miles the marines came in sight of the dwelling and were then separated in two squads, in order to approach and surround the sleeping men from opposite directions, and thus cut off all avenues of re-The movement was strategically accomplished, and at a given signal the united com-mand gave the inmates of the building notice of their presence. An entrance was immediately forced, and the aroused patriots were directed to dress themselves and get ready to march. This the latter proceeded to do in an unresisting manner, without giving the slightest trouble to their captors. During the excitement, however, more than half the prisoners managed to get outside of the cordon of marines and to escap to the swamps, where they successfully avoided their pursuers. The crowd of captives which remained was subsequently inspected and found to number fifty men. These were marched to the Elysian Fields, and at 2 o'clock in the morning were placed on board the tugboat which conveyed them to Fort Lafayette, where they joined the Gardiner's Island filibusters who are confined there. Later information has been received in regard to the remnant of Ryan's forces who were left on Gardiner's Island with the remnant of th by the marines, they being unable to find their hiding places. It is said that a gathering of the fugitives was held soon after the departure of the invaders, and that it was found that fortyone men had escaped capture. A consultation was held among them, when 't was decided to make a hasty retreat from the island before the United States authorities had time to make another raid upon them. Despatches were forwarded to the Cuban Junta without delay by a courier, it being desirable to have a vessel sent to the island to take them off. A vessel was obtained which reached the island on Sunday evening. With the exception of Col. Ryan, Col. Currier, and Lieutenant Colonel Bassey, the officer who escaped from the tugboat Chase with Ryan's trunk, every one of the filibusters took passage for this city. The three named officers went on board a small yacht, but did not disclose what

was to be their destination. Previous to embarking the men cheered their superior officers, and promised to rejoin them in Cuba. They also gave cheers for the owner of the island and for his family. It was announced at the time that the men were to rendezvous at some quiet place in or near this city, for the purpose of reorganizing. It was also whispered about that Colonel Ryan and his two companions in-tended to have themselves transferred from yacht to an Havana steamer, but it is be lieved that such a report was circulated with the design of misleading the Marshal's officers in regard to the real movements of the Cuban officers, who, it is conjectured, will soon land in this city. District-Attorney Plerrepont returned from Newport yesterday, and devoted considerable time to Marshal Barlow, who wished to have him decide on the future course

towards the prisoners at Fort Lafayette. It was found that it would be difficult to keep them in confinement long, and equally difficult to allow their unconditional release. They will probably be liberated to-day on their personal recognizance not to violate the neutrality laws or engage in another expedition. Commissioners Shields and White will visit the fort for the purpose of making the bonds.

THE COMING MAN.

An Immigration Agent Off for China-Celes-tials to be Imported. From the Memphis Avalanche, July 18.

It can no longer be said that Chinese immigration It can no longer be said that Chinese immigration is a dream or a thing on paper. The "bail" is fairly started, and at least a thousand Chinamen, with their rat-traps and pig-tails, will be at work in the cotton fields of this section before the close of the coming picking season. They will be of the best and most reliable laboring class, and will add greatly to the development of our resources and the restoration of our lands, which, since the war, have been reliable in the their original will. have been relapsing into their original wild state. George W. Gift, Esq., will leave here on Thursday of this week in the interest of the Arkausas River Immigration Company, and is authorized to contract for and bring back one thousand Chinamen, to be delivered to Thomas H. Allen, Esq., agent of to be delivered to Thomas H. Allen, Esq., agent of the company in this city. He goes via the Union Pacific Railroad to San Francisco, and thence by steamer to Hong-Kong, which route will occupy between forty and lifty days. The return trip will probably be all the way by water to New Orieans. In the event that the necessary number and right material can be obtained in California, Mr. Gift will return at once with them from that place, or until the experiment of China to some future time, or until the experiment of Chinese labor in the cotton fields of the South is fairly made. He is provided with the means necessary for expenses, and has also letters of credit for \$50,000. Here is the first practical step in an enterprise that will no doubt practical siep in an enterprise that will no doubt result in great good. Mr. Gift is the man to carry out the business successfully, and his return will be looked forward to with great interest and anxiety. The example set by the company he represents is one that should be followed throughout the South, and we trust the company of the South, and we trust the company of the south. and we trust the company organized in Memphis during the past week, which is to operate on a larger cale, will make as quick time in getting under full cadway, that the practical results may be experi-nced before the close of this cotton season.

A Pretended Patriot.

From the Troy Daily Whig, July 19. Charles Russ, who sported about Saratoga recently, pretending to be a returned Cuban Folunteer, came to grief on Friday last. On Thursday he called at the store of Mr. C. R. desiring to purchase a gold chain. While Mr. Brown's attention was attracted by another customer, he managed to secrete a fine gold chain, valued at \$100, in his coat sleeve, and soon left, promising to call again. Mr. Brown missed the chain immediately, and sout a clerk in pursuit of him, who brought Mr. Russ back in a hurry. When charged with the theft he expressed great surprise, and denied it strongly, but Mr. Brown was imperative, and Russ soon caved in and let the chain drop from his sleeve. He pleaded earnestly for mercy, professing to have respectable parents, and said it was his first offense, etc. Mr. Brown sent for an officer, who arrested the thief. At the examination the above facts were proved. Justice Barrett was at first nclined to let him off on \$500 ball; but after he had been sworn and perjured himself the ball was raised to \$1000. Ex-Police Justice Scaring, who was in court during the examination, re cognized Russ as having been committed to jail for a larceny or burglary in the summer of 1865, and believes him to be one of those who broke jail when Thomas escaped in that year.

GOBLINS.

Wheeling is Frightened-A Railroad Tunnel Haunted by a Murdered Man-The Mystery

Haunted houses having become too common, the Wheeling (West Virginia) Intelligencer oc-cuples over a column in telling a story of a haunted tunnel near the city on the Hempfield road. After laying the ground work of the story by reciting the number of murders that have been committed in the tunnel, the Intelligencer proceeds to relate the experience of four men who passed through the tunnel on last Thursday evening, about six o'clock, as follows:-

The darkness of the cavern had set into an appalling storm, but still they held their way. oon groans and supplications for mercy fell upon their startled ears. The usual cavernous echo was doubly apparent, as the tone of the voice was unnatural and sepulchral—the men stood transfixed with horror and fright; the atmosphere was close and stifling. All at once issuing from the solid rock which forms the ceiling, directly over the spot where the murderer slaughtered his victim, a ghastly form appeared. All around, aswe have said, was impenetrable darkness, but the spectacle itself was as clearly visible as in the noonday. It descended feet first till as in the hooling. It descended feet also the fit reached a place about equi-distant from the floor and ceiling of the tunnel, where it stopped and remained for a few seconds. Although covered with the slime and earth of the grave, the features of the ghastly spectre were distinctly visible, clad in the habiliments of the tomb. Its appearance was horrible in the ex-treme. With one arm extended, and the bloody fingers of the hand hanging half severed from their stems, with the forefinger of the other hand it pointed to a gaping wound in its temple. The wound seemed fresh, but the drops of blood seemed clotted and stood out in bold relief on he face of the ill-starred wretch. Without a movement of the lips, a voice, apparently issuing from the throat of the ghost, exclaimed in a tone so unnatural as to be totally indescribable, "Let the dead rest!" The horror-stricken witnesses of this appalling spectacle rushed from the scene. At the mouth of the tunnel they met other parties whose credulity was not sufficient to believe the story of the witnesses. They therefore obtained a lantern and returned to the spot where the apparition was first seen. They were not long waiting when the spirit, in the same place, repeated the words he had before used, in, if possible, a more horrifying tone, and glided rapidly through the air towards the western mouth of the tunnel. The individuals thus made sure of the authenticity of the apparition were deprived of the power of speech for some hours, and even after the intervention of days their fearful recollections are so vivid as to render them almost afraid of speaking on the subject. The persons who witnessed this appalling

spectacle in the tunnel being men of respecta-ble and truthful characters, their statements created a widespread and profound sensation in the eastern part of the city where they reside. This was intensified by facts which were disclosed yesterday morning by a gentleman who lives a couple of miles east of the city, and which are related as follows:—He was coming into the city afoot, by way of the railroad, late in the evening, and was approaching the tunnel on the east, and had noticed a couple of persons walking about a hundred yards ahead. He was a short dis-tance this side of the school house, walking on tance this side of the school house, walking on the track and looking down to guard his steps, when he suddenly felt a strange shiver and sen-sation of horror, and looking up saw a man standing a few yards ahead directly over the stone culvert (where Ulrich's body was hidden). His arms were held up above his head as it guarding against apprehended blows, and the blood was streaming down his face, and neck blood was streaming down his face and neck. There was an awful stony glare in the eyes, which rooted the beholder to the ground. His first thought was that it was one of the men who had been walking ahead of him who had been assaulted by the other; but before he had time to follow out the thought he glanced past the horrid spectacle. the two men just about pass into the tunnel. At that instant the man, spectre, or whatever it was, vanished, and was owhere to be seen. Utterly confounded, the frightened and horror-stricken beholder stood gazing at the vacant air, trying to comprehend what he had seen. In a moment or two he had recovered sufficiently to think connectedly. He ooked carefully around. Nothing whatever was to be seen, though it was still light enough to see objects with perfect distinctness. He says e thought at one moment of running forward and telling the men who were ahead, and asking them if they had seen anything, but he reflected that of course the apparition was not there when they passed, and remembered that he had been looking forward over the very spot where it stood, in the alternations between ooking ahead and down at the track. Besides, he felt sure he would be ridiculed and called a fool for his fright. He found it impossible, however, to go forward over the spot, and turning about he returned home (we judge with a good deal of precipitancy). Yesterday morning he came into the city by the pike, and hearing the appearance in the tunnel, told one or two friends in confidence what he had witnessed. He is an intelligent person, and not given to credulity, but he expresses himself unable to explain the mystery. His account of the appearance of the apparition corresponds substantially with that of the murdered man

BEUST.

What He Says of the Visit of the Vicerov of Egypt.

The following is the text of Count von Beust's

ircular relative to the visit of the Viceroy of Egypt to the Austrian capital, and of which an

Ustract has appeared:— VIENNA, June 19.—The stay of the Egyptian ruler in this city having given rise to false or exaggerated rumors, which the journals have spread abroad, as to the political objects of his Highness' journey, I by the present communication place you in a position to reduce them to their just value. This Court, while receiving its guest with the greatest courtesy, showed itself careful not to wound the legitimate susceptibilities of the Porte. The rights and position of the Suzerain's power were expressly recognized by the presence of the Otto-man Ambassador at the official reception and fetes. The Viceroy appeared to consider the presence of the representative of the as perfectly natural, and he claimed well-deserved sympathy by his tact and reserve. All that has been recounted relative to pretended negotiations opened at Vienna by the gyptian Government belongs to the domain of ction. The question of the capitulations was only touched upon here in very general terms in the conversations of the Viceroy and Nubar Pacha with Count von Beust. No mention was made of a project to neutralize the Suez Canal, and his Highness only incidentally expressed hope that the Emperor would decide upon wit nessing the opening ceremony. The Viceroy's visit was only a simple act of courtesy, without any political bearing. Such is a succinct state-ment of the facts you will mention in a suitable manner to the Government to which you are accredited. Accept, etc.,

It Was "No Go." The Fourth District Court in San Francisch has granted a divorce to a young and beautiful lady who was married to Joseph J. Smith, of Salt Lake City. The lady testified that Smith is deacon in the Mormon Church, and that he always treated her kindly, they having lived pleasantly together for several years. Recently, however, Smith concluded to have a second wife, to which Mrs. Smith objected, and so, when the deacon took home his new bride, wife No. 1 returned to her mother.

GENERALITIES.

Curious Form of Insanity.

At the Missouri Insane Asylum there is a boy eight years old, who manifests some strange propensities. He was destitute of clothing. The boy is in the habit of eating up his clothes. Not a "stitch" can be kept on him. He devoured everything, and is perfectly ravenous. He will even eat up his shoes. Like many animals, he always smelt of his food before putting it in his mouth. He repeats but two words, "ball" and "sugar." This is the extent of his vocabulary. When he gets hold of a ball he throws it into the faces of those around him. The sugar he smells of and eats. This unfortunate lad has been injured by a blow on the head.

Interesting Phenomena. During a recent balloon ascension at Memphis ome interesting phenomena were noted. righest altitude attained was 16,670 feet, at which elevation the temperature was 50 degrees The balloon in ascending always assumed a whirling motion from right to left, while in descending it turned from left to right. Four good English lever watches were taken up, two of which stopped at the height of two miles. A very delicate pocket compass was completely depolarized, and though it has since been gradually regaining its polarity, it is still worth-The aeronaut was a confirmed dyspeptic

have effected a radical cure.

before he began ballooning, but several voyages

A Demoniae Father. -A man named Thomas Hutchen has been arrested in New Orleans for inhuman treatment of his children. One witness testified that of his children. One witness testined that he saw Hutchen beating his young son with a horsewhip, while the lad, under direction of the parent, held a bundle of paper in his hand, each end of the paper being in a blaze. Another witness testified that the wretch had, on more than one occasion, with the same instrument, ashed an infant only eighteen months old. daughter of five years, when her body was ex-amined, had many marks of lash strokes and beatings; her person was in bad condition. The brother, two years older, says that his punish-ment from the whip was not so severe as his sister's, because he submitted to the burning

Attempted Suicide of a Young Girl.

A young girl named Julia Wein attempted to commit suicide last evening by taking morphine, but her life was saved by prempt medical treatment. It appears that the unfortunate young woman, who is said to be possessed of much beauty, left her home in New York in company with a man who brought her to this city, where he is said to have accomplished her ruin. A young man named Converse, who lodges in a coom in the Tyler block, corner of La Salle and South Water streets, says that he was informed by letter from a sister of the young lady, who lives in New York, of the facts above stated with a request that he take measures to reclaim her and send her to friends in Dubuque, Iowa. Mr. Converse, after a search, found her at the St. Charles Hotel and took her to his room, where she became very ill. A physician was called, and it was discovered that she had taken a large dose of morphine. Antidotes were given, and it a short time afterwards she revived, and hopes are now entertained of her recovery. Her brief history is a sad one, and it is to be hoped that she will be restored to her friends .- Chicago

A Monster Elevator. The great Central Elevator in Chicago is to be enlarged. It is now 101 by 200 feet, and since its construction, twelve years ago, has received about 60,000,000 bushels of grain. When the enlargement has been completed, it will occupy 101 by 300 feet on the ground, with walls two or three inches in thickness, and 150 feet high. This will make it the largest elevator in the world, containing, as it will, 270 bins, each 68 feet deep, with a total capacity of 1,600,000 bushels of grain. There will be three railroad tracks running into the elevator, two of which will be used for receiving grain and one for delivery. Each of these tracks will accommodate ten cars, so that thirty cars can be run into the levator at one time, if necessary, thus making it possible to discharge 200,000 bushels a day,

Punishment of Mutineers. The Poughkeepsie Eagle of yesterday contains

"Our latest despatch from Sing Sing (the last despatch being dated at 8 o'clock Sunday even-ing) is to the effect that a few of the convicts, having consented to go to work, have been released from their quarters. A few more of the ugly ones have been handcuffed with their hands behind their backs, and then hung up on a hook, their backs, and the toes just touching the to the floor, which is considered very severe punishment. The howls and yells of the convicts who are still kept in their cells may be heard for a distance of half a mile, and crowds of the villagers from Sing Sing thronged the banks in the vicinity of the prison on the Sabbath listening to them. Joseph Lambert, a notorious murderer and thief, who escaped from Clinton Prison a long time ago, and who was re-cently convicted in New York on a charge of grand larceny, was taken to the prison Saturday afternoon, but was refused admission until he had served out his unexpired term at Cliuton He was consequently taken back to New York.

DOMESTIC CRIME.

Shocking Attempt of a Father to Coerce His Daughter to Marry Against Her Will. Lexington, Ky., cor. of Cincinnati Chronicle,

The community was startled and horrified on vesterday by a report that Thomas H. Irvine, a larmer in this county, and for many years Pre-sident of the Richmond Stage Company, had attempted to force his daughter, a handsome and sprightly little girl, some fourteen years of age, to marry a young man by the name of Broadwell Keith, and she persisting in a refusal, he held a pistol to her head and allowed Keith to lavish caresses on the unwilling girl. Even then she would not consent to marry him, and the father shut her up in a room with Keith, and told him that "she would be d-d glad to marry him when he had gotten through with her." She made her escape from the room, and Kelth ran after her and brought her back to the house, and Irvine locked her up in an upper room. Her step mother had gone to Mr. Henry Bowman's, who lives near by, to escape her husband's cruelty and the poor little prisoner managed to send her, by a negro woman, the following note, written hastily on a scrap of paper:-

"Dran Ma For God's sake, come home, or send some ody here. What on earth will I do? Please come or send, le will not let me come down stairs. Oh, what will I do? I m in the hands of God until some one comes to help me, lease, oh, please send no some help! He has burst the loft off the door already."

Mrs. Irvine gave the note to Mr. Bowman, who immediately went to her rescue, and secng her at the window of the room in which she vas confined, placed a ladder, which happened to be at hand, and she came down on it, and thus escaped the clutches of her unnatural father and an unscrupulous lover, Mr. Bow-man brought her to town and placed her at Captain Beard's, where she found protection and all the sympathy and tenderness which kind-hearted people would naturally show to one in her forlorn condition. Warrants were issued for the arrest of Irvine and Keith, and they were brought to town by Deputy Sheriffs Cochrane and Didlake, and the trial set for yesterday afternoon, but the hearing was postponed till this morning at nine o'clock. Irvine was released on ball, but Keith was sent to jail in default of \$5000 bail. There is great indignation in the community against Irvine and Keith, and all felt that Irvine's offense is incom-patible with a sound mind. He has been drink-ing a great deal lately, and this certainly has crazed him, for he has not heretofore been an unkind father.

SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Advices from Hong Kong-Failure of a New York Sængerfest-Sickness at Baltimore-Weather at the Seaside-Market Reports.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Advices from Hong Kong. SAN FRANCISCO, July 20,-The steamer Japan arrived this morning, with advices from Hong-Kong to the 19th and Yokohama to the 30th ult. She brings 1284 passengers and 1048 tons of merchandise, 207 tons of which is for New York, The passengers for New York are C. H. Pennington, S. H. Moss, E. G. Allen, C. J. Mellon. A. D. Radeliff, Enferino Flores, Robert Green and wife, and R. Lyle.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Death of a Daughter of General Magruder. secial Despatch to The Evening Telegraph BALTIMORE, July 21 .- Mrs. Buckler, wife of Dr. Roggin Buckler and daughter of General Magruder, of Confederate notoriety, died this morning of pulmonary affection. There is more than usual sickness here at present from affec-

tion of the bowels and summer complaints.

George Penbody passed through here en route for White Sulphur

FROM NEW YORK.

The Rochester Sungerfest.
ROCHESTER, July 21.—The heavy rains of vesterday afternoon and evening prevented the Sangerfest picnic and festival being held. The Sangerfest closed last evening, with a heavy pecuniary loss to the Mænnerchor of this city.

The Weather at the Seaside. At nine o'clock this morning, July 21, the weather at the sea-side resorts was recorded as

Cape May, clear. Thermometer, 70.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-1 P. M. Toledo and Wabash. 755 Mil. & St. Paul R. . . . 765 Mil. & St. Paul pref. 87

By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, July 21—A. M.—Consols for money, 93; for account, 93@933. U. S. Five-twenties firm at 83%; Erie, 19; Hitnois Central, 94%.
LIVERPOOL, July 21—A. M.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 123%d.; middling Orleans, 13d. The sales will probably not exceed 8000 bales. Other articles upchanged.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

otton to the 18th, since last report, 17,000 bales, Cheese, 61s. 6d. Other articles unchanged. HAVEE, July 21 .- Cotton firmer; on the spot, 150f.;

The Watering Places.

-Saratoga has over 2500 visitors.
-About 4000 people are ton at Long Branch.
-Something over 3000 summerites are dazzling

-General Phil Sheridan-a host in himself-is the tion at Newport. His lioness is Miss Ida Lewis.
—San Francisco is the Pacific watering-place, and
many distinguished tourists have set their faces

-An exchange says Newport trunks are about the

size of a small cottage.

—Tuesdays and Fridays are "fort days" at New-

greater this summer than ever before. The beauties of the Park and the extravagance of the watering places have a great deal to do with it. "Buff-bathing" is popular among the gentlemen at Cape May. They used to run down to the beach at 4 A. M. and get through at 5 A. M. If a little

o her notables are at the Branch.

The Boston Post Saratoga correspondent asks:—
"What brings people here in such crowds? Truly,
the reasons are various enough. The mineral waters
draw the elderly people and the infirm of health;
thuse bring sons and daughters; and these attract
others of like age and similar footing. The beaux aw the beiles, and the belies the beaux; the races w the horse-folks and thousands of spectators; fashionable draw the fashionable and then,

THE ERIE RAILROAD.

road, from the facts herein I am confident that there is an organized conspiracy against that men lately in the employ of the road and dis-missed by the Jim Fisk party. I heard such in-tinations by ex-employes of the road at different points on the route, principally at Owego, and I am informed to-day by my friend Dr. R. Tauszky, member of the Board of Health, that oad to break up trains and create accidents, by some mouths ago, at the time of this wholesale cleaning out of all hands, he heard them at Owego and Ithaca openly threaten that there would be frequent aecidents on the road they were reinstated. accidents could have originated in this way. The No. 3 train a month ago, or little more, on which I was a passenger, was stopped ome three hours at midnight, near Susquehanna. by an immense rock being on the track, which required blasting in order to be removed. If such is the case, measures should be taken to punish such offenders, or make railroad officials save more regard for the safety of the public than to remove competent men, and thereby copardize life and property, in order to give positions to friends. In the cause of humanity these things should be known if true, and if not true no harm can be done. Yours, etc., E. PARMLY BROWN.

GRANT.

What the President is Doing at Long Branch. Says the N. Y. Herald's correspondent:—
After his arrival yesterday his Excellency
bathed; in the afternoon, in company with exSecretary Boric, he walked on the bluff, calmly smoking a cigar, and in the evening he attended a concert at Howland's Hotel. I have not been able to detect upon his almost unchangeable countenance any expression that would lead me to suppose that the condition of Cuba troubled him in the least, or that the unsettled claims for the depredations of the Alabama caused him the least worriment. It was evidently his intention to have peace during his trip. and, thus far. I see no reason why he should no have it, unless Mr. Greeley should arrive to-day as is expected he will. Then there may be a die turbance for a while, if any of the Tribune's

be a great pity to have the quiet of the sea-side disturbed by the advent of political wire The President's family have kept themselves very exclusive. They take their meals in private and refrain from exposing themselves to the from annoying them by impertment curiosity Their dignity would not suffer, I am sure, and

who live and congregate in and about Washing chestra struck up our national airs, and all were on tiptoe of expectation that the President and family were coming. But no, they did not come, and the quadrille went on without the faces of

Long Branch, cloudy. Thermometer, 69. Atlantic City, clear. Thermometer, 73.

N. Y. Cent. R. 211 N. Y. and Eric Rail . 2834 Ph. and Rea, R 9314 Mich. S. and N. I. R . 1005 Cle. and Pitt. R. . . . 108 4 Adams Express . . 60% Chi. and N. W. com . . 79 6 Wells, Fargo & Co. . . . 22 6 Chi. and N. W. pref . 94 4 United States 74 6 Chi. and R. I. R. . . . 114 4 Tennessee 6s, New . 55 6 Pacific Mail Steam . . 84 6 Market steady.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

This Morning's Quotations.

London, July 21-P. M.—Consols, 93); for both money and account; U. S. Five-twenties quiet and LIVERPOOL, July 21-P. M -Bombay shipments of

—Church, the artist, has made his descent upon Catskill, where he will spend the summer in search

Tuesdays and Fridays are "fort days" at Newport—i. e., everybody drives to the fort.

Visitors to Niagara Falls are notified that a new
Treasury regulation imposes a duty of forty-five per
cent., in gold, on all fancy articles purchased on the
Canadian side and brought over the river.

—At Newport Saturday evenings at the Ocean
House and Wednesday evenings at the Atlantic will
be devoted to receptions during the season.

—The number of "stay-at-homes" in New York is
greater this summer than ever before. The beauties

after the latter hour, some malicious officer would arrest the culprit. The hour now is about 11 P. M.

—A ball will be given in honor of the President at the Stetson House, Long Branch, on Monday evening next. It will be the first full-dress affair of the season. Gov. Randolph, Mr. Borie, Robert Lincoln, Secretor Steekton, Judge Barnard, Judge Dowling. Senator Steckton, Judge Barnard, Judge Dowling udge Brewster, Postmaster-General Creswell, Thomas Murphy, Nathaniel Sands and a host of her notables are at the Branch.

lly, the great crowd, by more gregariousness and telation of numbers, draws yet another crowd

Organized Conspiracy Against the Road.

NEW YORK, July 19, 1869,-To the Editor of he Herald:-The following is of vital importarce to the public at large, and will well descree notice in your columns:— Being a frequent traveller on the Eric Rali-

suggestions have not been promptly and pro-perly carried out. I hope that the President's equanimity may not be disturbed by any such inopportune arrival, for everything is working smoothly and satisfactorily now, and it would

vulgar gaze of the crowd. Now this is very proper if they see fit to do so; but it would be better taste, I think, if they would mix a little more with those whose touch would not contami-nate, and who would, I know, refrain entirely warrant that time would pass in a more agreea-ble manner by being sociable and forgetting for the time being that their home is at the White House, and their usual friends only Senators, Representatives, and the high officials of State ton city. Last evening, when the quiet little dance took place in the drawing-room, the or-

the dancers showing the least sign of disappointment, for we are all sovereigns in our own esti-

> Ex-Secretary Borie remains with the President, and certainly is the most sociable and agreeable man of the party. I have been very favorably impressed with him; and even if he did change some of the unintelligible, jawbreaking names of our highly efficient steam fleet to others easy to be understood; and even if he did have a high estimate of the knowledge and experience of Vice-Admiral Porter (and who has not?), and saw fit to have him for his right hand man in the Navy Department, I cannot help believing that he would have made a very efficient, and in the end exceedingly popular, Secretary of the Navy. True is not a bloated politician-not a man given to cunning and intrigne-and not being so probably was his greatest fault, and the reason why it was thought that he would not an swer for a Cabinet officer in the present healthy condition of our political affairs. For my part, I sincerely congratulate him on what I consider a fortunate escape. He can now be the friend of the President without being one of his Cabinet officers, and this is a most fortunate thing for a gentleman of quiet tastes. To be one of the Cabinet, subjected to the visits, annoyances, and importunities of a large majority of Senators and Representatives in Congress assembled, and office-seekers generally, I consider the greatest curse that any of our people can be subjected to; hence Mr. Borie may consider himself fortunate in being rid of the position so early in the history of the present administration.

—The galeties of Saratoga are at full tide. The drawing-rooms and verandahs are crowded, and the display of horses and carriages in the late afternoon and evening surpasses that of any previous season at

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Office of the Evening Telegraph, Wednesday, July 21, 1868, The applications for loans have fallen off to some extent, though the demand is very fair for the sea-son. The discount market continues to exhibit a tendency towards a higher range of figures, which is due to the very conservative policy of the banks. The rate generally charged by the latter for call loans is fair under the circumstances—about 7 per cent, on Government or other good collateral—but outside lenders subject borrowers, who are resulted. outside lenders subject borrowers, who are really hard up for cash, to a very severe course of treat-ment. The closeness of our market is in some measure due to the drain on the city to meet hotel bill at the numerous watering-places, where so many of our business men are now rusticating with their

The Gold market continues dull, and prices have again declined. Opening premium, 135 %; lowest price, 134 %; at noon, 135.

The market in Government loans shows no change in tone or activity. The transactions in our market are very light. There was a decidedly firmer feeling in the Stock

market this morning, and the aggregate business was fair. In State or City loans no change. was fair. In State of City loans no change.

Reading Rairoad was more active and higher, closing at 46½, an advance of ½. Pennsylvania Railroad was taken at 56½, a decline of ½. Little Schnykkil Railroad sold at 42. Catawissa Railroad preferred was steady at 37637½, b. o. Philadelphia and Erie Railroad fell off ½, selling at 30½, now offered at 2014.

Canal shares were without improvement. Lenigh Navigation changed hands at 36. In Coal shares the only transaction was in New ork and Middle at 4 81. Bank shares were without quotable change.

Passenger Railway stocks were in better demand but without sales. 35 was bid for Fifth and Sixth; 70 for Tenth and Eleventh; 17 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 45 for Second and Third; and 12% for PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

FIRST BOARD.

\$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	FIRST	BOAR	D,
\$10000 Am Gold 135\(\frac{1}{4}\) 100 do c. 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 100 do c. 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 100 do c. 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 100 do b30\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 49\(\frac{1}{4}\) Penna R is 56\(\frac{1}{4}\) 200 do do 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 40\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}\) 46\(\frac{1}{4}\) 46\(\frac{1}\) 46\(\$300 City 6s, New. c. 1003	(4 sb	Reading RR 46%
\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c			do
15 sh Oil C. & A. R. 40 100 dob30, 463, 463 149 sh Penna R. is. 5634 200 dod30, saf5. is 463, 300 dod30, saf5. is 463, 300 dod30, saf5. is 463, 200 dod30, saf5. is 463, 13 sh Lit Sch R. is. 42 200 dod30, 463, 13 sh Lit Sch R. is. 42 200 dod30, 463, 100 dod46, 463, 10			doc.46.44
5 do 39% 100 do 46°4 149 sh Penna R. is, 56% 200 do.30d.saf5is 46°3 3 do 56% 300 do. ls.s60, 46°3 200 do 56% 100 do 46°4 20 do ls.c. 56% 100 do 56°4 300 sh Cata Pls.b60, 37% 100 do 53°4, 46°3 100 do b60°37 200 do (s.c. 46°5 6 sh Wilm R 52% 100 do s30, 46°3 166 sh Phil & E R. 39% 100 do 56°4, 46°4 100 do b60°31 100 do 50°4, 46°4 100 do b53°6, 100 do 53°4, 46°4 20°5h Leh St. c. 18°56 100 do 53°4, 46°4 20°5h Leh St. c. 18°56 100 do 53°4, 46°4 20°5h Leh St. c. 18°56 100 do 53°4, 46°4 100 do 55°4, 100 do 53°4, 46°4 20°5h Leh St. c. 18°56 100 do 46°6 100 sh N Y & M. b5°4 's1°100 do 53°4, 46°4 —Naer & Ladare, Bankers, report this morning' Gold quotations as follows:— 135°1, 12°20 P. M 125°1			dob30, 46%
149 8h Penna R. Is. 5634 200 do.30d.saf5.18 463 200 do 5644 100 do 463 200 do 18.c. 5644 100 do 463 200 do 18.c. 5644 100 do 55 46) 13 8h Llt Sch R. Is. 42 200 do 18.c. 463 300 8h Cata P Is. 560, 37 200 do 18.c. 46 5 6 8h Wilm R 5234 100 do 18.c. 46 5 6 8h Wilm R 5234 100 do 18.c. 46 5 106 8h Phil & E. R. 3934 100 do 18.c. 46 5 100 do 18.c.		100	do
3			do.30d.saf5.ls 46%
20 do. ls.c. 56½ 100 dos5. 46½ 13 sh Lit Sch R.is. 42 200 do .is. c. 46½ 300 sh Cata P ls.660, 37½ 100 dos30, 46½ 100 dob60 37½ 200 do .is. c. 465 5 6 sh Wilm R52½ 100 do .2d&i. 465 166 sh Phil & E R. 39½ 100 do .2d&i. 465 100 dob60 31 100 do .2d&i. 465 100 dob60 31 100 do .30wn.465 100 dob50, 30½ 190 doc. 445 660 do .ls.660, 30½ 100 doc. 445 660 do .ls.560, 30½ 100 doc. 445 660 do .ls.660, 30½ 100 doc. 445 660 do .ls.660, 30½ 100 doc. 445 660 doc. 45 4 dos5wn. 49½ 100 do .s30wn. 465 100 dob30, 465 100 dob30, 465 100 dob30, 465 100 dob30, 36½ 100 doc. 445 660 doc. 445			do ls. s60, 467,
13 sh Lit Sch R.ls. 42 200 co ls. c. 463 300 sh Cata Pls.b60. 37 2 100 do 330. 463 100 do b60. 37 200 do (s.c. 4656 6 sh Wilm R 523 100 do 6243. 463 106 sh Phil & E R. 393 100 do 646. 469 100 do 560. 31 100 do 560. 469 100 do b60. 31 100 do 530 wn. 465 100 do b50. 303 100 do 644. 56 600 do b50. 303 100 do 644. 56 600 do b50. 303 100 do 530 wn. 465 600 do 550 100 do 530 wn. 465 200 sh Cent R 50 100 do 530 wn. 465 200 sh Leb St c. 18. 56 100 do 530 wn. 465 100 do b50. 364 100 do 530 wn. 465 100 do b50. 364 100 do 646. 66 100 sh N Y & M. b5. 451 100 do 466. 66 100 sh N Y & M. b5. 451 100 do 466. 66 100 sh N Y & M. b5. 451 100 do 450. 451 —Narra & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning' Gold quotations as follows: —Narra & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning' Gold quotations as follows:	200 do 561	100	do 4636
300 sh Cata P 1s, b60, 37 100 do, s30, 46), 100 do, b60, 37 200 do, s46, 5 6 sh Wilm R 52 100 do, d6, 5 106 sh Phil & E R 39 100 do, b60, 45, 9 100 do, b60, 46, 5 100 do, 50, 50 100 do, 46, 5 100 do, 46, 5 4 do, 58, 50 100 do, 46, 5 4 do, 58, 50 100 do, 46, 5 4 do, 58, 50 100 do, 30, 50, 40, 40 200 sh Leh St, 18, 56 100 do, 30, 50, 40, 40 200 sh Leh St, 18, 56 100 do, 26, 46, 6 100 do, 58, 40 100 do, 46, 6 100 do, 58, 50 100 do, 46, 6 100 do,	20 dols.c. 561	2 100	do85. 46%
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6 sh Wilm R. 523 100 do 2d41. 463 166 sh Phil & E R. 393 100 do b60.4659 1100 do 363 100 do b60.4659 1100 do 560.31 100 do 368.100 100 do b60.31 100 do 3080n.465 100 do b50.303 190 do 445-6 600 do ls. b60.303 100 do 530.4658 8 sh N Cent R. 50 100 do 530.4658 200 sh Leh St ls. 56 100 do 3300n. 463 200 sh Leh St ls. 56 100 do rg41. 463 100 do b30.365 100 do 466-6 100 do b30.365 100 do 466-6 100 sh N Y & M. b5 4781 100 do 466-6 100 sh N Y & M. b5 4781 100 do b30.347 —Narr & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning' Gold quotations as follows: —Narr & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning' Gold quotations as follows:	300 sh Cata P 1s. 560. 37	100	do830, 463g
106 sh Phil & E R. 393 100 do b60.46.9 100 do 30 % 100 do 2d&1.46.9 100 do b60.31 100 do 30 wn.46.5 100 do b5. 30 % 190 do c.46.5 600 do .ls. b60.30 100 do b30.46.8 8 sh N Cent R 50 100 do 46.8 4 do 55 wn. 49 % 100 do 30 wn. 46.9 200 sh Leh St ls. 36 100 do 30 wn. 46.9 100 do b30.36 100 do 7g&1.46.9 100 do b30.36 100 do c.46.6 100 sh N Y & M b5. 4.81 100 do c.46.6 100 sh N Y & M b5. 4.81 100 do 45.4 —NARB & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning Gold quotations as follows:— 1000 A. M 135 ½ 12-20 P. M 125.3	100 dob60. 37	200	do18.0.46 56
106 sh Phil & E R. 3934 100 do b60.46-9 100 do 30-8 100 do 24&1.46-3 100 do b60.31 100 do 330wn.46-5 100 do b5. 30-8 190 do c.46-5 600 do ls. b60.30-4 100 do b30.46-8 8 sh N Cent R. 50 100 do c. 46-5 4 do s5wn. 49-4 100 do c. 36-3 200 sh Leh St ls. 36 100 do rg&1.46-3 100 do b30.36-4 100 do rg&1.46-3 100 do b30.36-4 100 do c. 46-6 100 sh N Y & M b5.4 sl 100 do c. 46-6 100 sh N Y & M b5.4 sl 100 do b30.347 —NAKE & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning' Gold quotations as follows:—	6 sh Wilm R 523	100	do 2d&1, 46%
100 do			dob60.46-94
100 do 55 30 ½ 190 do 530 46 600 do 18560, 80 ½ 100 do 530 46 8 8 h N Cent R 50 100 do 530 46 4 do 55wn, 49 ½ 100 do 530 wn, 46 ½ 200 sh Leh St. c. 18 56 100 do 520 36 ½ 100 do 520 47 100 do 520 48 100 do 520 54 100	100 do 30)		do2d&1, 46%
100 do 55 30 ½ 190 do 530 46 600 do 18560, 80 ½ 100 do 530 46 8 8 h N Cent R 50 100 do 530 46 4 do 55wn, 49 ½ 100 do 530 wn, 46 ½ 200 sh Leh St. c. 18 56 100 do 520 36 ½ 100 do 520 47 100 do 520 48 100 do 520 54 100	100 dob60. 31	100	do.,s30wn.46:56
8 sh N Cent R. 50 109 do 46.3 4 do 55wn. 49.5 100 do 35wm. 46.3 200 sh Leh St .c. 1s. 56 100 do 7g.2t. 46.3 100 do 520. 36.5 100 do 62.4 46.6 100 do 520. 36.5 100 do 46.6 100 do 2.36 100 do 46.6 100 sh N Y & M .b5. 4.81 100 do 530.547 —Nahr & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning' Gold quotations as follows:— 100 do 135.5 12-20 P. M. 125.3	100 dobb. 303		do
4 dos5wn. 49% 100 dos30wn. 463 200 sh Leh Stc.1s. 56 100 dorg&1. 463 100 dob30. 36% 100 doc80. 47 300 dobs.b00. 36% 100 doc.46.6 100 doc. 36 100 doc.46.6 100 sh N Y & Mb5. 4.81 100 dob30. 347 —Naks & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning! Gold quotations as follows:— 10:00 A. M135½ 12:20 P. M1253	600 dols.b60, B03	100	dob30,46*81
4 do 85wn. 49 \(\) 100 do 830wn. 46 \\ 200 sh Leh St c. 18 36 \\ 100 do rg \(\) 1. 46 \\ 100 do rg \(\) 1. 46 \\ 100 do 030 36 \\ \) 100 do 030 46 \\ 6 \\ 100 do c. 36 \\ 100 do c. 46 \\ 6 \\ 100 sh N Y & M b5 4 \\ 81 \\ 100 do b30 \\ \) 47 \\ —NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning dod quotations as follows:— 10 \(\) 100 A. M 135 \(\) 12 \(\) 20 P. M 125 \(\)	8 sh N Cent R 50	100	
100 do			
300 do. ls.b60, 36½ 100 doc.46.6 100 doc. 36 100 doc.46.6 100 sh N Y & M .b5, 4.81 100 dob30.½47 —Nahra & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning's Gold quotations as follows:— 10:00 A. M135½ 12:20 P. M1253	200 sh Leh Stc.ls. 36	1117777	
100 doc. 36 100 doc. 46 6 100 sh N Y & M. b5. 4 st 100 dob30.547 —Naka & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning Gold quotations as follows:— 10:00 A. M135½ 12:20 P. M	100 dob30, 36		
100 sh N Y & M . b5. 4 st 100 do b30. 147 —Nahe & Ladner, Bankers, report this morning good quotations as follows: 1000 A. M 135½ 12-20 P. M	300 dols.b60, 363		
-NABE & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning Gold quotations as follows:- 10:00 A. M			
Gold quotations as follows:— 10:00 A. M135); 12:20 P. M	100 sh N Y & M., b5, 4.8	1 300	dob30.547
10:00 A. M	-NARR & LADNER, BU	ikers, re	port this morning's
10 100 A. Maria and Address to the state of	non duotations as rollow	1-2-00 P	M
TOUR 45 1980 ** 185 1980 **	OWN AT THE TANK	19:20	13536
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	1.00 11 1105	10:01	
11 36 "	0-10 TP MF 1961	19.39	11 1353
を 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	E 13 E . M	1000	
JAY COOKE & Co. quote Government securities a follows: -U. S. 6s of 1881, 120%@120%; 5-20 of 1862, 123%@123%; do., 1864, 121%@121%; do., Nov.	ollows:-U. B. 68 01	1881, 4	2012年120日 120日

of 1862, 1234 (2123); (do. 1864, 1215 (2123); (do. 1865, 1214 (2123); (do. July, 1865, 1204 (2120); (do. 1865, 1204 (2120)); (10-40); (do. 1865, 1204 (2120)); (10-40); (do. 1865, 1204 (2120)); (10-40);

@110%, Pacifics, 101%@108, Gold, 135%.

Messrs. DE Haven & Brother, No. 40 S. Third street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations:

—U. S. 68 of 1881, 120%@120%; do. 1862, 123%@123%; do. 1864, 121%@6121%; do. 1865, 121%@6121%; do. 1865, 121%@6121%; do. 1865, 120%@120%; do. 1868, 100%@110%; do. 1868, 100%@110%; U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy., 107%@108; Due Comp. Int. Notes, 19%. Gold, 134%@135%; Silver, 130@132.

PENECULVAIA, CAMAL, COMPANY, The following PENNSYLVANIA CANAL COMPANY .- The following the receipts for the week ending July 17,

Total in 1869. \$245,068.75 To same period in 1868. 217,717.22 Increase in 1669.....

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

The following extracts show the state of the New York money market yesterday:— From the Herald.

From the Heraid.

There was no relaxation in the rate on call where the pledge was stock collateral, but a good deal more was done at six per cent, on Governments, so much so that the rate was quoted six and seven per cent, on the latter and seven on stocks. In commercial paper there was no new feature, and the extreme range of discounting figures was from eight to twelve per cent, for prime notes and acceptances. Foreign exchange was firm. The demand has been increasing with every steamer for the past week, but not enough to be styled active. A great deal of apprehension exists as to the future of the market, the number of bils offering without corresponding shipments of produce or gold inducing fears for the extent to which some of the foreign bankers are trading on their credit abroad. While the English discount rate rules at so nominal a figure as three per cent, there is a disposition on the part of many of these houses to withhold the gold or other commodity which should go to fortify their accounts. So long as these experiments did not threaten business on this side of the Aliantic, it would give us little concern; but the ruin of one house so overtrading would be dangerous to others and might lend to a panic. In one way the plan is laudable. It cheapens gold, and doubtless those who are taking the risk expect to make their shipments eventually when the premium is lower. It is this carrious complication of affairs which has led to a deadlock in gold. The "oears" are heavily short, on the expectation of a decime resulting from the scantiness of shipments, while the 'buils' fare endeavoring to sustain the price by prophecies of the great demand which must come sooner or later. The 'bear' plan is to put out these credit bills of exchange and keep them aroat until the foreign market, sudrear plan is to put out these credit bills of exchange and keep them adout until the foreign market, sud-denly imbued with a new speculative rage for our bonds to result from the steady reduction of the national debt will take millions of our five-twenthe national debt will take millions of our five-twen-tics again, in lieu of gold, to settle the balance of trade. The calculation's also made that the new crop of cotton will begin to go over the Atlantic in time to assist the plan. Every man has, of course, the right to conduct his bosiness as he chooses. If the firms who are thus causing an artificial depre-ciation of gold suggested in Keeping the right days. ciation of gold succeed in keeping the price down, the country at large will rejoice at the appreciation of their greenback currency, for such is the converse of their greenback currency. for such is the converse movement. But to conservative bankers and to old business men it seems an unsafe if not an unhealthy way of setting the balance of trade by exporting our national bonds of indebtedness. Expectations of an advance in our securities abroad, founded upon the acts of Secretary Boutwell, are curiously enough followed thus evening by a rise to 83 in London, which was the latest price, according to private telegrams. The report has also been freely used that the dovernment would increase its sales of gold, the amount disposed of thus far in 1869 being only a fraction of the amount sold either in 1868 or 1867. Gold to-day opened weak under the Dear' movement, and declined to 135, from which it advanced to 1355, when it was discovered that the Alemania had taken out \$500,000 and that the Scotia, which sails to-morrow, had over \$500,000 en-Scotia, which sails to-morrow, had over \$500,000 en-

gaged. OThe decline late in the day to 1351, was due to the private cable despatches giving the London price of bonds at ss. The carrying rate for cash gold ranged from eight to six per cent. In the afternoon there was an exceptional transaction recorded at

three per cent.

"The aggregate value of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending July 20, 1869, was \$4,668,910.

"The Government market sympathized closely with gold in its fluctuations, but was generally dull. The Sub-Treasurer will purchase three millions to-morrow. At the close the '67s were stronger."

Philadelphia Trade Report.

WEDNESDAY, July 21 .- The Flour market is with out quotable change, there being no inquiry except from the home consumers, who operate sparingly Sales of superfine at \$5@5.50; extras at \$5.50@5.87 %; 200 barrels Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family at \$6@7.50; 1300 barrels Pennsylvania do, part at \$6@6.75, and part on secret terms: 400 barrels Ohio do, at \$7@750; 100 barrels new "Aleshire Mills," Galliopolis, do., on private terms, and fancy brands at \$9@ 10.75, according to quality. Rye Flour

The Wheat market presents no new feature. Sales of 3200 bushels new red at \$2.50@2.52; 2000 bushels old red at \$1.40@1.50, and 500 bushels old Michigan amber at \$1.60. Rye ranges from \$1.356a1.40 per bushel for Western. Corn is quiet, but steady; sales of yellow at \$1.196a1.12; and Western mixed at \$1.05@1.07. Oats are steady, with sales of 2000 bushels Western at 78@80c.; Pennsylvania at 70@76c.; and Southern at 65@75c. Nothing doing in Bar-

is steady; 50 barrels choice sold at \$6.25.

Bark-In the absence of sales, we quote No. 1 Quercitron at \$45 per ton.
Whisky sells at \$1.05@1.10 per gallon, tax paid.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. NEW YORK, July 21.—Arrived, steamships Cuba, from Liverpool; America, from Rio Janeiro; and City of Mexico, in tow, from Fortress Monroe and Havana. Also arrived, steamships America, from Bremen, and Columbia, from Havana. Foirness Monnor, July 21.—Sailed, United States steamer Nipsic, in tow of steamer Periwinkle, for Washington. Passed up—Barque Pepita, from Boston for Richmond, in tow. (By Atlantic Cable.)

GLASGOW, July 21.—Arrived, steamships St. Andrew from Quebee, and Dorian, from New York.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIAJULY 21.

CLEARED THIS MORNING.
Schr C. L. Herrick, Baldwin, Taunton, John Rommel, Jr. Schr C. I. Herrick, Baldwin, Taunton, John Rommel, Jr. & Bro.
Schr R. H. Wilson, Harris, Providence,
Schr Glenwood, Dickerson, Lynn,
Schr Geres, Trefethen, Dover, N. H.,
Schr H. B. McCauley, Kane, Roxbury,
Schr H. S. Cannon, Cobb, East Cambridge,
Schr B. Schrand, Cobb, East Cambridge,
Schr B. Bradley, McMingle, New Haven,
Schr Arthur Burton, Frebock, Providence,
R. I., Caldwell, Gorden & Co.
Tug Chesapeake, Merrihew, Havre-de-Grace, W. P. Clyde
& Co.

Tug Thos. Jefferson, Allen, Baltimore, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Steamer Tacony. Nichols, 23 hours from New York, with moise to W. M. Baird & Co.

Steamer R. Willing, Cundiff, 13 hours from Baltimore, with moise to A. Groves, Jr.

Steamer A. C. Stimers. Knex. 24 hours from New York, with moise to A. Groves, Jr.

Steamer A. C. Stimers. Knex. 24 hours from New York, with moise to M. P. Clyde & Co.

Barque Gaif Eden, Greenleaf, 8 days from Sagus, with molasses to S. & W. Weish.

Brig Isola, Cables, 7 days from Cardenas, with molasses to Dallott & Son.

Brig Ortolan, Leeman, 8 days from Cardenas, with sugar to Geo. C. Carson & Co.

Brig James Baker, Phelan, 6 days from Cardenas, with molasses to Jarden & Co.

Brig J. D. Lincoln, Morriman, 9 days from Caibarien, with molasses to Dallett & Son.

Schr Lena Hume, Appleby, Ib days from Windsor, N. S., with plaster to E. A. Souder & Co.

Schr Osprey, Crowley, 5 days from New York, with salt to C. S. Crowell.

Schr Amella, Thurston, 10 days from Newburyport, with fish to Knight & Sons.

Schr Addie, Drown, 8 days from Weilfleet, with fish to Crowell & Collins.

Schr Babeca, Smith, from Rockland Lake, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

Schr Rebecca, Smith, from Rockland Lake, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

Schr R. W. Tull.

Schr Kellen, Woolford, 9 days from James river, with lumber to Patterson & Lippincott.

Schr R. W. Tull.

Schr B. W. Tull.

Schr R. W. Tull.

Schr B. Price, Nickerson, from Gardiner, Me., with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co. tain.
Schr J. Price, Nickerson, from Gardiner, Me., with ice
to Knickerbocker Lee Co.
Schr R. H. Griffith, Dalman, from Chesapeake City.
Tug Hudson, Nichoben, from Baltimore, with a tow of
barrees to W. P. Clyde & Oc.
Tug Fairy Queen, Perkins, from Havre-de-Grace, with a
tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Correspondence of the Philostelphia Exchange,
Lxws, Del., July 20.—Barque Augustina, for Ivigtut
from Philadelphia, want to sea 18th inst.
There are about 75 vessels at the Breakwater, chiefly
colliers, from Georgetown, Alexandria, and Philadelphia,
bound cast, among them are schrs J. Bfrdsall, for New
York: May Morb, for Boston: Cairo, Lottic Beard, A.
Pharo, B. Curry, J. W. Vanneman, M. Tilton, M. E. Sim
mons, J. Berkley, and John H. Perry. Wind blowing
fresh from N.E., and raining. LABAN L. LYONS.

MEMORANDA.
Schr Sarah, Cobb. bence, at New Bedford 19th inst.
Schrs R. G. Whilden, Whittemore: James Alderdice,
Stites: A. B. Gardner, Wells; and M. C. Moseley, Urano,
hence, at Boston 18th inst.
Schr Almira Woolley, King, hence, at Gloucester 19th
instant. instant.
Schr P. McConville, Fletcher, for Philadelphia, sailed from Bangor 17th inst.
Schr W. F. Garrison, Morris, from Boston for Philadelphia, at Holmes' Hole A. M. 19th inst., and sailed again.